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ADDITIONAL CIRCULATION



<u>To</u>: Members of the Integration Joint Board

Town House, ABERDEEN 7 August 2020

INTEGRATION JOINT BOARD

The undernoted items are circulated in connection with the meeting of the INTEGRATION JOINT BOARD on <u>TUESDAY</u>, <u>11 AUGUST 2020 at 10.00 am</u>.

FRASER BELL CHIEF OFFICER - GOVERNANCE

BUSINESS

11 <u>Quarter 1 Financial Monitoring and Mobilisation Update - HSCP.20.024</u> (Pages 3 - 20)

Should you require any further information about this agenda, please contact Derek Jamieson, tel 01224 523057 or email DerJamieson@AberdeenCity.gov.uk



Date of Meeting	11 August 2020		
Report Title	Quarter 1 Financial Monitoring and Mobilisation Plan Update		
Report Number	HSCP.20.024		
Lead Officer	Alex Stephen, Chief Finance Officer		
Report Author Details	Alex Stephen, Chief Finance Officer		
Consultation Checklist Completed	Yes		
Directions Required	No		
Appendices	 a) Finance Update as at end June 2020 b) Variance Analysis c) Mobilisation Plan Costings Update d) Progress in implementation of agreed savings – June 2020 e) Budget Reconciliation f) Budget Virements g) Summary of risks and mitigating action 		

1. Purpose of the Report

- a) To summarise the current year revenue budget performance for the services within the remit of the Integration Joint Board as at Period 3 (end of June 2020).
- b) To highlight the current forecast in relation to the additional costs of COVID-19 to be reclaimed from the Scottish Government.
- c) To advise on any areas of risk and management action relating to the revenue budget performance of the Integration Joint Board (IJB) services.
- d) To approve the budget virements so that budgets are more closely aligned to anticipated income and expenditure (see Appendix F).







2. Recommendations

- 2.1. It is recommended that the Integration Joint Board:
 - a) Notes this report in relation to the IJB budget and the information on areas of risk and management action that are contained herein.
 - b) Agrees to the Chair calling a special meeting of the IJB, in accordance with Standing Order 9, should the funding position confirmed by the Scottish Government in October not cover the requirements of the Integration Joint Board.
 - c) Approve the budget virements indicated in Appendix F.

3. Summary of Key Information

Background

- 3.1 At the end March 2020 an adverse position of £283,000 (£2,488,000 in December 2019) was reported on mainstream budgets for the financial year 2019/20. This improved financial position was largely a result of the additional costs of prescribing reducing and an increased underspend on community health services.
- 3.2 As a result of these movements the IJB was able to maintain a small balance in its reserves as a risk fund. At the end of the financial year 2019/20 the IJB had £2.6 million held in its reserves. A breakdown is shown below of the reserves position at the start of the financial year.

	01/04/20
	£'000
Risk fund	1,271
Primary Care Improvement Fund*	73
Earmarked External Funding*	682
Alcohol and Drugs Partnership*	576
	2,602

^{*} These amounts are ring fenced and need carried forward to next financial year, per the instructions issued with the funding.

3.3 On the 10 March 2020 the IJB agreed its Medium-Term Financial Framework (MTFF). This framework contained a requirement to make £5.7 million of savings in the financial year 2020/21. At the time of drafting and approving this framework the implications of COVID-19 were just starting to emerge and therefore no account for any of the financial implications of COVID-19 were made within the MTFF.







3.4 The IJB considered a report on the 9 June 2020, which highlighted the estimated costs of the mobilisation plan and the risk that particularly the indirect costs of COVID-19 on the IJB budget may not be funded by the Scottish Government. The IJB resolved to note the financial risks, write to the Chief Executives of both partners highlighting the increased financial risk and instruct the Chief Officer and Chief Finance Officer to report back to the IJB if required with options to close any financial shortfall once the quarter 1 financial position is known and there is more certainty over the level of funding to be provided from the Scottish Government.

New Information on COVID-19 Costs since 9 June 2020

- 3.5 The main area of movement has been in regard to the requirement of the ACHSCP to contribute towards a re-mobilisation plan which will help bring services back-up and be cognisant of the possibility of a second wave and how health and social care services will be managed during winter. Due to social distancing requirements there will be a reduced bed base across the Inpatient Services, and this, combined with increased seasonal demand, will require to be managed. The re-mobilisation plan is required to be costed and is currently not factored into any of the forecasts or budgets contained in this report.
- 3.6 In relation to certainty over funding there has been no further information about what level of funding the IJB will receive in total to cover the implications of COVID-19 on its budgets. However, on the 3 August 2020 a letter was received announcing that another tranche of funding totalling £50 million will be passed through to the IJBs to cover the ongoing costs of social care. At the time of writing confirmation on what level of funding Aberdeen will receive from this £50 million is not available. The letter indicates that financial support for social care providers should continue to the end of September, however, there will be a tapering of the support provided and a review of the principles.
- 3.7 There have been requests for cashflow information and this has been passed back to the Scottish Government and is being considered. It is likely that the Scottish Government will wait to see what the quarter 1 projections look like across Scotland before releasing any further information and this means that we will be unlikely to receive confirmation on funding until the end of September.
- 3.8 During the quarter 1 review the IJB has been able to obtain more certainty over the level of funding it might require. Supported by colleagues in the Social Care Contracts Team, information has been collated from social care providers on the additional costs they have incurred due to COVID-19 during the first two months. Work is still required to firm up some of these figures and we have started to make some of the payments. It should be noted that we have held back some payments in order to obtain evidence of the costs being incurred as highlighted by the IJB at the last meeting, and the process







and evidence requirements are now much clearer, which will make the second round of requests more efficient.

3.9 At this stage in the financial year it is still very early to know what the full impact of COVID-19 will be on the IJB budget. There may be other over- or underspends which develop as we go through the financial year, and, at this stage, it is difficult to predict where these might be. A prudent approach has been taken in forecasting the level of additional income to be received from the Scottish Government for the cost implications of COVID-19 and therefore for the time being only income that has been received is accounted for in the financial monitoring. However, the position of the IJB at the 30 June is as follows:

	£'000	£'000
Overspend as at 30 June 2020 (Appendices A and B)		11,406
Represented by:		
Overspend on Mainstream Budgets (Appendix B)	352	
Direct Costs of COVID-19 – Included on Mobilisation Plan (Appendix C)	7,604	
Indirect Costs of COVID-19 – Included on Mobilisation Plan (Appendices C and D)	3,450	11,406

3.10 As highlighted in the mobilisation plan report to the IJB on the 9 June, if there is an area of spend at risk of not being covered by the additional Scottish Government funding then it is most likely to be the indirect costs which were included on the mobilisation plan from the outset. The indirect costs largely relate to the financial saving plans which have not been able to be progressed in the manner planned due to COVID-19. The Scottish Government may agree to fund all, part, or some of the indirect costs, however, they will likely consider the whole financial position of the IJB and underspends which are forecast to be delivered on other parts of the budget when doing so. At present the only area where an underspend might be developed later in the year will be in regard to the residential care homes, once the financial sustainability scheme has finished. The Scottish Government may also consider the reserves position of the IJB when finalising the level of funding to be provided.







- 3.11 Confirmation has not yet been received on the level of funding to be provided for Action 15, Alcohol and Drugs Partnership and Primary Care Improvement Plan. Information has recently been requested on the level of spend likely to be incurred and this should help provide more certainty on the funding of the immunisations team.
- 3.12 There is a risk that the financial position might change for the prescribing budget. At this point in the financial year the forecast is based on only one months work of actual expenditure. The volume is starting to reduce, following the spike in prescriptions in late May, however, the unit cost of the drugs is increasing. Work is being undertaken at a national and regional level to understand why the price per unit has moved.
- 3.13 From an Aberdeen City IJB perspective the lack of clarity on funding means there is a greater chance of having to approach the Partners for additional resources. Aberdeen City Council has recently approved a revised budget to cover the unfunded implications of COVID-19 on their budget. NHSG continues to hold the position that the full costs of COVID-19 will be fully funded by the Scottish Government. Neither Partner has made an allowance in their financial projections for having to provide additional funding to Aberdeen City IJB.
- 3.14 Whilst the IJB does have a small risk fund held in reserve, the Chief Finance Officer does not recommend that this is used to cover any shortfall. A cost reduction programme has been developed by the Chief Officer and Chief Finance Officer at a high level and would primarily focus on delivering financial benefits from operation home-first and our transformation programme. Given the Scottish Government have confirmed that additional funding will be provided to cover the costs of COVID-19 but have not confirmed the actual amount to be received. It is recommended that a special meeting of the IJB be called for the first week in October, should the level of funding confirmed by the Scottish Government not be sufficient to cover both the direct and indirect costs of COVID-19 on the IJB budgets.

4 Implications for IJB

4.1 Every organisation must manage the risks inherent in the operation of large and complex budgets. These risks are minimised by the regular review of financial information by budget holders and corporately by the Board and Risk, Audit & Performance Systems Committee. This report is part of that framework and has been produced to provide an overview of the current financial operating position.

Key underlying assumptions and risks are set out within the Appendices to this report.







- 4.2 **Equalities** there are no equalities implications arising from this report.
- 4.3 **Fairer Scotland Duty** there are no Fairer Scotland Duty implications arising from this report.
- 4.4 **Financial** the financial implications are contained throughout the report.
- 4.5 **Workforce** there are no workforce implications arising from this report.
- 4.6 **Legal** there are no legal implications arising from this report.
- 4.7 **Other –** there are no other implications arising from this report.
- 5 Links to ACHSCP Strategic Plan
- 5.1 A balanced budget and the medium financial strategy are a key component of delivery of the strategic plan and the ambitions included in this document.
- 5.2 Management of Risk
- 5.3 **Identified risks(s)**

See directly below.

5.4 Link to risks on strategic or operational risk register: Strategic Risk #2

There is a risk of financial failure, that demand outstrips budget and IJB cannot deliver on priorities, statutory work, and project an overspend.







How might the content of this report impact or mitigate these risks: Good quality financial monitoring will help budget holders manage their budgets. By having timely and reliable budget monitoring any issues are identified quickly, allowing mitigating actions to be implemented where possible.

Approvals				
Jondo Maclood	Sandra Macleod (Chief Officer)			
ALL	Alex Stephen (Chief Finance Officer)			







Appendix A: Finance Update as at end June 2020

Period 3	Full Year Revised Budget £'000	Period Budget £'000	Period Actual £'000	Period Variance £'000	Variance Percent %	Forecast £'000
Mainstream:						
Community Health Services	35,634	8,825	8,683	(142)	-1.6	36,164
Aberdeen City share of Hosted Services (health)	23,985	5,659	5,984	325	5.7	24,137
Learning Disabilities	35,787	8,512	7,225	(1,287)	-15.1	36,530
Mental Health and Addictions	21,686	6,195	4,740	(1,455)	-23.5	22,421
Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities	80,015	23,254	27,247	3,993	17.2	80,666
Directorate	28	(3,313)	583	3,896	-117.6	809
Criminal Justice	92	18	567	549	3050.0	92
Housing	1,846	461	146	(315)	-68.3	1,846
Primary Care Prescribing	40,254	9,298	9,298	0	0.0	40,254
Primary Care	40,938	10,379	10,390	11	0.1	40,851
To ut of Area Treatments	2,000	384	575	191	49.7	2,370
Set Aside Budget	46,410	11,603	11,603	0	0.0	46,410
ODirect COVID Costs	1,856	1,856	793	(1,063)	-57.3	9,460
ublic Health	2,133	727	455	(272)	-37.4	2,060
_	332,664	83,858	88,289	4,431	5.3	344,070
Funds:						
Integration and Change	175	(772)	267	1,039	-134.6	175
Primary Care Improvement Fund	303	202	202	0	0.0	303
Action 15 Mental Health	3	2	2	0	0.0	3
Alcohol Drugs Partnership	576	283	283	0	0.0	576
	1,057	(285)	754	1,039	(135)	1,057
	333,721	83,573	89,043	5,470	6.5	345,127

Appendix B: An analysis of the variances on the mainstream budget is detailed below:

Community Health Services (Forecast Position - £530,032 overspend)

Major Variances:

(221,076) Across non-pay budgets 83,191 Under recovery on income (4,607) Staff Costs 1,100,000 Undelivered savings

Staffing costs slight underspend due to overspend in Medical Staff and Admin Staff offset by underspends in Nursing and Allied Health Professionals. Income forecast for under recovery is down to income from Dental patients reducing. Non-Pay underspend due to underspends in Transport and Admin costs offset by overspend to Medical Supplies. There is also an overspend forecast due to undelivered savings.

Hosted Services (Forecast Position £151,701 overspend)

The main areas of overspend are as follows:

Intermediate Care: Main reason for overspend medical locum costs as a result of the requirement to provide consultant cover at night within Intermediate Care. Agency nurse usage continues due to sickness/absence levels, this is currently being reviewed by members of the Leadership Team.

Grampian Medical Emergency Department (GMED): Relates mainly to pay costs and the move to provide a safer more reliable service which has been a greater uptake of shifts across the service. Non-pay overspend due to repair costs not covered by insurance, increased costs on software and hardware support costs, increased usage of medical surgical supplies and an increase in drug costs.

Hosted services are led by one IJB, however, the costs are split according to the projected usage of the service across the three IJBs. Decisions required to bring this budget back into balance may need to be discussed with the three IJBs, due to the impact on service delivery.

Learning Disabilities (Forecast Position - £743,020 overspend)

For ACC, the main area of overspend is commissioned services, which are forecasted to be £1.1m overspent due to out of area placements. This is offset by a projected housing benefit over recovery of £340,000.

Mental Health & Addictions (Forecast Position - £734,794 overspend).

For ACC, commissioned services are forecasted to be overspent by £313,000. This is offset by a £77,000 underspend on staffing costs. An overspend is also forecast on the health side of the budget of £500,000 due to the use of locums.

Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities (Position £651,000 overspend)

Major variances:

910,000 Commissioned services overspend (155,000) Supplies & services underspend (90,000) Transport costs underspend 103,000 Transfer payments overspend (117,000) Income over recovery

The Commissioned services overspend mainly relates to residential care, nursing and home care. Supplies and services are underspent because the miscellaneous budget is not expected to be fully used. A significant element of this overspend on commissioned services is due to the non delivery of commissioning savings.

Directorate (Position - £781,000 overspend)

Directorate due to non delivered localities savings as a result of COVID-19

Primary Care Prescribing (Forecast Position – breakeven)

At present the prescribing budget is forecast to breakeven, at this stage in the year we are relying on only one month of actual data to compile the forecast. However, near the end of the financial year the costs on this budget were starting to reduce, however, COVID-19 caused a surge of additional costs in the last two weeks of the financial year. These additional costs were funded by the Scottish Government on the basis this was a timing issue and the funds would be clawed back in 2020-21. The funds have been taken from the prescribing budget in 2020-21. Information is starting to come forward that there has been an increase in the price of drugs and this may impact on future forecasts.

Primary Care Services (Forecast Position - £86,794 underspend)

A small underspend is forecast on this budget due to a reduction in some of the property costs from some of the primary care properties.

Out of Area Treatments (Forecast Position - £370,000 overspend)

Forecast for Year End is £370,000 due to an increase in the costs and number of patients placed out of area.

COVID -19 Costs (Forecast Position - £7.6m overspend).

Major Movements:

See appendix C for detailed breakdown of these costs. The costs are expected to be funded, however, the income has not been included in the budget until confirmation is received from the Scottish Government.

Public Health (Forecast Position - £73,428 underspend).

(73,428) Staffing underspend

Posts have either been redesigned out of the structure or are being held back pending confirmation of the funding position post COVID19.

Funds (Position - balanced)

Income will match expenditure at the end of the financial year. The financial allocations for these funds have not yet been confirmed.

Appendix C: Mobilisation Plan Costi	ngs			
Direct Costs Agreed Locally	Original Medium Range Forecast 2020/21 £'000	Actual Medium Range to 30 June 20 2020/21 £'000	Revised Medium Range Forecast 2020/21 £'000	•
Additional Care Home Beds	3,168	597	3,226	Agreed via NHSG - Costs likely to be incurred for remainder of the year depending on how long clients remain in the care home - might be replaced by sustainability costs in due course.
Clinical Leads	288	28	150	Additional staff costs for our clinical leads to support the Partnership and the community Hub.
Mental Health	144	36	140	Additional Mental Health officer and social care provision via a Provider.
Staff overtime and additional hours	300	57	287	Currently being collated for April - largely required to support residential settings and for weekend working.
Care at Home Additionality	0	0	0	Not seeing or anticipating any additional costs coming through although the reconciliation process with Social Care Providers may identify new costs.
	3,900	718	3,803	_00010.
Direct Costs influenced Nationally				
Care Homes Sustainability	1,263	168	1,263	Principles still being agreed at SG level - to support care homes financially due to a reduction in number of residents. At the moment predicted for 3 months.
Social Care Providers Uplift	528	0	0	Additional cost of uplift agreed via Scottish Government - was agreed to provide care providers 3.3%, which is higher than the amount anticipated in the MTFF.
Social Care Additional PPE, Sick etc	0	1.191	3,148	Additional social care costs being incurred by the providers.
PPE Partnership	3,600	111	452	This line now only includes the PPE costs of the partnerships and not the social care providers.
GP Practices	591	792	792	Additional payments to practices agreed by Scottish Government for public holidays.
Prescribing Income	(690)	0	0	Return of funding to SG due to their expectation that the cost will reduce in first two months of the financial year. This amount has been removed from the prescribing budget.
	5,292	2,262	5,655	
Direct COVID Costs	9,192	2,980	9,458	-
Indirect Costs				
Prescribing	0		0	No information yet on whether to expect any increase in 2020/21 due to COVID - At present forecast is breaking even.
Lost Income	1,000		0	Reduction in financial assessments and relaxation of rules. There will be a delay in collecting some of this income. No information suggesting an
Savings	3,662		3,450	impact on client contributions at the moment. Agreed savings undeliverable as they impact on Social Care Providers and Staffing
	4,662	0	3,450	and stanling
20/21	13,854	2,980	12,908	-
19/20	774			
	14,628	- =		
Less: Funding Received			1,854	_
Balance Still to be Funded			11,054	- -

Appendix D: Progress in implementation of savings – June 2020

Appendix D: Progress in implementation of saving		igs – Julie 2020	
Programme for Transformation:	Agreed Target £'000		Forecast £'000
Managing Demand	(2,050)	Description - Additional income to be received from social care charging and reduced costs largely through a reduction in social care commissioning. Status - Commissioning plans and savings put on hold or delayed as a result of COVID19, as most of these savings would have come from redesigning social care services.	(300)
Conditions for Change	(2,640)	Description - reduced usage of locums and agency staff and redesign of community services as we move into localities. Status - Some of the savings have been made due to staff vacancies and a reduction in the use of locums. However, the use of locums in mental health services may increase during the year owing to a number of retirals. A working group has been established to look at the medical staffing in the mental health community and inpatient services.	(1,090)
Accessible and responsive infrastructure	(500)	Description - A review of our 2C medical practices to seek to develop new models for these services which encourage better collaboration between the practices and more cross-system working. Status - An underspend is forecast on our primary care services and we are using this to offset some of this saving. The 2C re-design work is starting back up again and the work undertaken during the COVID19 response phase is influencing the direct of travel.	(350)
Data and Digital\Prevention	(500)	Description - The majority of the savings will come from seeking alternatives to medicines (social prescribing), ensuring our prescribing processes and management of medicines is as efficient as it can be and also stopping the prescription of drugs where there is evidence of little clinical value. There were also elements about looking at a system to aid the management of medicines in care homes, looking at reducing GP call-outs and considering how to prevent people being admitted to hospital. Status - This majority of this saving was due to come from the prescribing budget and at present this budget is forecasting to breakeven.	(500)
	(5,690)		(2,240)
	(0,000)	1	\-;7)

Undeliverable due to COVID19

(3,450)

Appendix E: Budget Reconciliation

	NHSG £	ACC £	IJB £
ACC per full council:	0	94,287,458	94,287,458
NHS per letter from Director of Finance: Budget NHS per letter	232,053,968	0	
	232,053,968	94,287,458	
Reserves Drawdown Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4	7,352,502	26,923	
	239,406,470	94,314,381	333,720,851

Appendix F: Budget Virements (balancing)

Health 1-3	£	
Pay Uplift 2020-21	Core Community	1,200,047
Pay Uplift 2020-21	Learning Disabilities	44,042
Pay Uplift 2020-21	Community Mental Health	261,386
Pay Uplift 2020-21	Transformation & Public Healt	43,999
Pay Uplift 2020-21	Earmarked Funding	(1,549,474)
Hosted Pay Uplift	City Hosted Services	402,589
Hosted Pay Uplift	Earmarked Funding	(402,589)
Hosted Services Sh & Mr	City Hosted Services	128,775
Hosted Services Sh & Mr	Earmarked Funding	(128,775)
Nunuse Budget Removal	Core Community	78,239
Nunuse Budget Removal	PCIP/ACT15/ADP	(78,239)
Budget Balance	Core Community	25,000
Budget Balance	PCIP/ACT15/ADP	(25,000)
Ward 16 Removal	City Hosted Services	(888,845)
Ward 16 Removal	Earmarked Funding	888,845
Hosp@ Home	Core Community	34,145
Hosp@ Home	Earmarked Funding	(34,145)
Hosted Adj	City Hosted Services	(506)
Hosted Adj	Earmarked Funding	506
Acc Funds To Resource Transfer	Resource Transfer	13,547,300
Acc Funds To Resource Transfer	Transformational to ACC	(13,547,300)
Uplift Adjustments	Core Community	(1,871,013)
Uplift Adjustments	Earmarked Funding	1,871,013
Northfield	Core Community	19,826
Northfield	Primary Care	(19,826)
City Drugs Realign	Core Community	21,279
City Drugs Realign	Community Mental Health	(21,279)

Social Care 1-3

Total Virements 0

£

Ref

Directorate	(5,044,798)	49464
Learning Disabilities	(666,959)	49464
Mental Health	972,444	49464
Older People & Physical Dis	3,992,208	49464
Resource Transfer	0	49464
Public Health	257,608	49464
Integration & Change	489,498	49464
Learning Disabilities	(0)	49503
Directorate	1,862,826	49520
Learning Disabilities	820,728	49520
Mental Health	244,810	49520
Older People & Physical Dis	1,226,041	49520
Resource Transfer	(5,684,156)	49520
Public Health	510,000	49520
Integration & Change	1,019,751	49520
	(0)	
	Learning Disabilities Mental Health Older People & Physical Dis Resource Transfer Public Health Integration & Change Learning Disabilities Directorate Learning Disabilities Mental Health Older People & Physical Dis Resource Transfer Public Health	Learning Disabilities(666,959)Mental Health972,444Older People & Physical Dis3,992,208Resource Transfer0Public Health257,608Integration & Change489,498Learning Disabilities(0)Directorate1,862,826Learning Disabilities820,728Mental Health244,810Older People & Physical Dis1,226,041Resource Transfer(5,684,156)Public Health510,000

Appendix G: Summary of risks and mitigating action

Appendix 6: Summary of risks and mitigating action	Risks	Mitigating Actions
Community Health Services	Balanced financial position is dependent on vacancy levels.	Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. A vacancy management process has been created which will highlight recurring staffing issues to senior staff.
Hosted Services	There is the potential of increased activity in the activity-led Forensic Service.	Work is being undertaken at a senior level to consider future service provision and how the costs of this can be minimised.
	There is the risk of high levels of use of expensive locums for intermediate care, which can put pressure on hosted service budgets.	The movement of staff from elsewhere in the organisation may help to reduce locum services.
Learning Disabilities	There is a risk of fluctuations in the learning disabilities budget because of: expensive support packages may be implemented. Any increase in provider rates for specialist services.	Review packages to consider whether they are still meeting the needs of the clients. All learning disability packages are going for peer review at the fortnightly resource allocation panel.
Mental Health and Addictions	Increase in activity in needs led service. Potential complex needs packages being discharged from hospital. Increase in consultant vacancies resulting in inability to recruit which would increase the locum usage. Average consultant costs £12,000 per month average locum £30,000 per month.	Work has been undertaken to review levels through using CareFirst. Review potential delayed discharge complex needs and develop tailored services. A group has been established in the city to look at supplementary staffing on a regular basis.
Older people services incl. physical disability	There is a risk that staffing levels change which would have an impact on the balanced financial position. There is the risk of an increase in activity in needs led service, which would also impact the financial position.	Monitor levels of staffing in post compared to full budget establishment. Regular review packages to consider whether they are still meeting the needs of the clients.

	budget is impacted by volume and price factors, such as the increase in drug prices due to short supply. As both of which are forecast on basis of available date and evidence at start of each year by the Grampian Medicines Management Group	Monitoring of price and volume variances from forecast. Review of prescribing patterns across General Practices and follow up on outliers. Implementation of support tools – Scriptswitch, Scottish Therapeutic Utility. Poly pharmacy and repeat prescription reviews to reduce wastage and monitor patient outcomes.
Out of Area Treatments		Groups to be re-established reviewing placements and considering if these patients can be cared for in a community setting.